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SOVIET THEATER CRITICS CENSURED

MOSCOW CRITICS ACCUSED FIRST -- Sovetskaya Estoniya, No 30, 6 Feb 49

An important event in the ideological life of the Soviet Union was the exposing of an antipatriotic group of theater critics, who were obstructing the development of Soviet theater art. Every effort is being made to stamp ont may signs of cosmopolitanism in art. A group of Moscov theater critics who called themselves "judges of art" had been active until quite recently. The group included such critics as Yu. Yuzovskiy, A. Gurvich, I. Al'tman, A. Borshchagovskiy, G. Boyadzhiyev, L. Malyugin, and several others, all of whom were completely alien to the Soviet nation. They had been trying to slander all achievements of Soviet dramatic art, viewing it from the standpoint of decadent bourgeois estheticism.

A general purge of the Soviet theater field is being made to free it from the permicious influence of such antinational elements.

LENINGRAD -- Leningradskaya Pravda, No 32, 9 Feb 49

A group of Leningrad theater critics have been guilty of the same offenses as the Moscow critics recently accused of "cosmopolitanism" and "bourgeois estheticism" in drawn criticism.

S. Dreyden, M. Yankovskiy, I. Berezark, I. Shneyderman, and S. Tsimbal, all Leningrad critics, are charged with having an anti-Soviet attitude in their appreciation of dramatic act. They have consistently belittled and lisapproved of modern Soviet plays and, at the same time, praised plays lacking in Soviet ideology. These critics have had a strong and harmful influence on the Tyblic mind. However, measures have been taken to prevent these people from further bindering the development of true Soviet art.

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ESTONIA -- Sovetskaya Estoniya, No 50, 2 Mar 49

The Tak KP(b) of Estenia called a conference of workers of the press, theater and critics, party representatives, and others, for the purpose of discussing the status of theater criticism in the Estenian SSR. The following critics were censured for their anti-Soviet attitude: N. Andrezen, P. Viyding, Kylli, Rasmus Kangro-Pool', Karin Kask, G. Tugolescy, S. Levin, Lumet, and Tulik. The Estenian SSR newspapers Sovetskaya Esteniya, Rakhva Khyayal', and Noorte Khyayal' were also severely criticized for publishing reviews and articles by the above named critics. In this connection, the paper Sirp ya Vasar was particularly offensive in its antipatriotic attitude.

LATVIA -- Sovetskaya Latviya, No 50, 2 Mar 49

A meeting of Riga arts and literary workers took place on 28 February.

A. Ya. Pel'she, secretary of Tsk KP(b) of Latvia, reported on the status of theater criticism in the Latvian SSR. A number of Latvian critics were severely consured for their bourgeois and anti-Soviet attitude. A. Char was accused of "formalism," "menshevix" ideology, and finding fault with the works of Soviet dramatists. Other critics accused of an anti-Soviet trend of thought are Klyava (Paberzs), Brikshkis, Nikolayev-Bergin.

The speaker also mentioned the Riga critics Gurevich and Kats, who are said to be infected by the poison of cosmopolitanism and bourgeois estheticism. Ozolin', editor of the Latvian newspaper Teinya, admitted that he had made a mistake in publishing Chak's harmful reviews. The members of the conference passed a resolution consuring the activity of the above-mentioned theater critics, and also pointing out serious shortcomings in the field of music review. The resolution stated that there was no place among the ranks of Soviet critics for representatives of reactionary theories of cosmopolitanism.

UERAINE -- Pravda Ukrainy, No 51, 3 Mar 49

Gel fandbeyn, a Khar kov theater and art oritic, has been accused of writing harmful drama, moving-picture, and book reviews. His antipatriotic statements were an attempt to divert the Soviet theater from the right path. His attacks were directed mainly against the Theater imeni T. G. Shevchenko, one of the best theaters not only in the Ukraine but in the entire USSR, which had twice been awarded the Stalin prize. He critized General Vatutin, a new play by L. Dmiterko, ignoring its high-political content and party significance. Gel fandbeyn, who is supposedly an adherent of the antipatriotic group of theater critics headed by Tuzovskiy, even criticizes the plays of M. Gor kiy, minimizing their dramatic qualities.

Several other prities, including V. Morskoy, L. Zhadanov, and B. Milyavskiy, have been writing harmful reviews in Ukrainian papers. They all follow the same pattern as Gel*fandbeyn.

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